

FY2015 2Q Financial Results Outline (April 1, 2015 – September 30, 2015)

October 29, 2015

SHIKOKU ELECTRIC POWER CO., INC.





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I. Consolidated Financial Results for FY2015 2Q (April 1, 2015 – Sebtember 30, 2015)

- 1 . Electricity Sales
- 2 . Electricity Supply
- 3 . Summary of Financial Results
- 4 . Results by Segment
- 5 . Cash flows
- 6 . Financial Position
- 7 . Dividends

Electricity Sales

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 y				(million kWh)	
	FY2015 2Q (a)	FY2014 2Q (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	Details
Retail	12,756	12,867	(111)	(0.9)%	$- \cdot$ Increase in cutting down on electricity use ;
Lighting	4,131	4,177	(46)	(1.1)%	approx (100)GWh
Power	8,625	8,690	(65)	(0.7)%	and other factors
<commercial></commercial>	<2,983>	<3,028>	<(45)>	<(1.5)%>	
<large-scale,industrial></large-scale,industrial>	<3,764>	<3,752>	< 12 >	< 0.3% >	
Wholesale	835	518	317	61.1%	
Total	13,591	13,385	206	1.5%	

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Average temperatures in prefectural capitals in Shikoku

			-		(°C)
	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	4-month AVG.
FY2015	22.3	26.3	27.6	23.3	24.9
Differences from the average year	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(1.2)	(0.6)
Differences from the previous year	(0.7)	(0.7)	0.9	(0.6)	(0.3)

Electricity Sales to Large- Scale Industrial Customers

		(million kWh)
	FY2015 2Q	Change [×]
Machinery	953	2.0%
Paper/Pulp	597	3.2%
Chemicals	537	(3.0)%
Steel	367	(10.5)%
Textiles	206	29.1%
Other	1,104	(1.0)%
Total	3,764	0.3%

% Changes from the previous period.

Electricity sales in the last 5 years

				(r	nillion kWh)
	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015
	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q
Lighting	4,619	4,481	4,482	4,177	4,131
Power	9,591	9,231	9,104	8,690	8,625
<large-scale,industrial></large-scale,industrial>	<4,166>	<3,970>	<3,837>	<3,752>	<3,764>
Total	14,210	13,712	13,586	12,867	12,756

Electricity sales changes from the previous fiscal year

	FY2011 2Q	FY2012 2Q	FY2013 2Q	FY2014 2Q	FY2015 2Q
Lighting	(5.0)%	(3.0)%	0.0%	(6.8)%	(1.1)%
Power	(2.3)%	(3.8)%	(1.4)%	(4.6)%	(0.7)%
<large-scale,industrial></large-scale,industrial>	<0.7%>	<(4.7)%>	<(3.3)%>	<(2.2)%>	<0.3%>
Total	(3.2)%	(3.5)%	(0.9)%	(5.3)%	(0.9)%

Average temperatures in prefectural capitals in Shikoku

					(°C)
	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015
	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q
Summer*	26.0	25.9	26.5	25.2	24.9

 * Summer means an average temperature of June, July, August, and September.

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		(million kWh)					
FY2015 2Q (a)	FY2014 2Q (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	Details				
2,367	2,018	349	17.3%	Flow Rate 103.	Flow Rate 103.0% → 115.2%			
-	-	-	-	All units of the lka suspended.	ita nuclear	power stati	on have be	
66%	69%	(3)%						
7,502	8,160	(658)	(8.1)%	♦ Electricity by th	ermal powe			
9%	9%	0%					nillion kWh)	
1,039	1,029	10	1.0%		GWh	Composition	Change [*]	
25%	22%	3%		Generated		1 1	(1,188)	
2,800	2,708	92	3.4%	Total	4,422	100%	632 (556)	
100%	100%			*Changes from	the previou	s period.		
11,341	11,897	(556)	(4.7)%					
1,145	728	417	57.2%					
	(a) 2,367 - 66% 7,502 9% 1,039 25% 2,800 100% 11,341	(a) (b) 2,367 2,018 2,367 2,018 - - 66% 69% 7,502 8,160 9% 9% 1,039 1,029 25% 22% 2,800 2,708 100% 100% 11,341 11,897	FY2015 2Q (a)FY2014 2Q (b)(c)=(a)-(b)2,3672,018349 $ -$ 66%69%(3)%7,5028,160(658)9%9%0%1,0391,0291025%22%3%2,8002,70892100%100%(556)	FY2015 2Q (a)FY2014 2Q (b)(c)=(a)-(b)(c)/(b)2,3672,01834917.3%2,3672,01834917.3%66%69%(3)%-7,5028,160(658)(8.1)%9%9%0%-1,0391,029101.0%25%22%3%-2,8002,708923.4%100%100%(556)(4.7)%	(a)(b)(c)=(a)-(b)(c)/(b)2,3672,018 349 17.3% Flow Rate 103.2,3672,018 349 17.3% Flow Rate 103All units of the lka suspended.66%69%(3)%7,5028,160(658)(8.1)%·9%9%0%1,0391,029101.0%-25%22%3%2,8002,708923.4%-100%100%11,34111,897(556)(4.7)%-	FY2015 2Q (a) FY2014 2Q (b) (c)=(a)-(b) (c)/(b) Deta 2,367 2,018 349 17.3% Flow Rate 103.0% → 115. - - - - All units of the lkata nuclear suspended. 66% 69% (3)% - - 7,502 8,160 (658) (8.1)% · 9% 9% 0% - - 1,039 1,029 10 1.0% - FY20 2,800 2,708 92 3.4% - - 100% 100% - - - - 11,341 11,897 (556) (4.7)% - -	FY2015 2Q (a) FY2014 2Q (b) (c)=(a)-(b) (c)/(b) Details 2,367 2,018 349 17.3% Flow Rate 103.0% → 115.2% - - - - All units of the lkata nuclear power statisuspended. 66% 69% (3)% - - 7,502 8,160 (658) (8.1)% • Electricity by thermal power 9% 9% 0% - - 1,039 1,029 10 1.0% Generated 6.919 61% 2,800 2,708 92 3.4% Total 11.341 100% 111,341 11,897 (556) (4.7)% Kather previous period.	

(Note1) % figures in _____ are composition ratios of the electricity generated and purchased by thermal power plants. (Note2) The electricity purchased from other utilities are included.

I - 3 . Summary of Financial Results

- □ Operating revenues increased by ¥ 4.1 billion YoY, to ¥ 323.1 billion. The factors were as follows;
 - \checkmark Total electricity sales and revenues based on the fuel adjustment system decreased.
 - ✓ Under the feed-in-tariff scheme (FIT), surcharge income and grants for the purchase cost from Surcharge Adjustment Organization increased.

□ Operating expenses increased by ¥ 7.4 billion YoY, to ¥ 304.4 billion. The factors were as follows;

- ✓ Payments to Surcharge Adjustment Organization and the cost of maintenance increased.
- ✓ The cost of the fuel and power purchase from others remained unchanged YoY for the following reasons;
 - increase of purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity and down of the capacity factor of coal-fired thermal power station due to the periodic inspections, etc.
 - rise of flow rate and down in the fuel prices, etc.

□ As a result, all income were follows;

Operating income : ¥ 18.6 billion, ordinary income : ¥ 17.5 billion, net income : ¥ 10.9 billion.

			(100 million yen)
	FY2015 2Q (a)	FY2014 2Q (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
Operating Revenues	3,231	3,190	41	1.3%
Operating Expenses	3,044	2,970	74	2.5%
Operating Income	186	219	(33)	(15.1)%
Interest Expenses, etc.	11	22	(11)	(49.6)%
Ordinary Income	175	197	(22)	(11.3)%
Reserve for Fluctuations in Water Level	(Provision) 15	(Reversal) (5)	20	_
Income Taxes, etc.	50	79	(29)	(36.2)%
Net Income attributable to shareholders of parent company	109	123	(14)	(11.4)%

(100 million yen)

(Note) Ordinary income is income before reserve for fluctuations in water level and income taxes, etc.



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			(100 ı	million yen)
	FY2015 2Q	FY2014 2Q	Cha	nge
	(a)	(b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
Electricity Sales(Retail)	2,429	2,525	(96)	(3.8)%
Electricity sales(Wholesale), etc.	80	68	12	16.7%
Others	366	232	134	57.4%
Electric Operating Revenues	2,876	2,826	50	1.8%
Other Revenues	354	363	(9)	(2.4)%
perating Revenues	3,231	3,190	41	1.3%
Personnel	249	238	11	4.5%
Fuel	498	685	(187)	(27.2)%
Power Purchase	787	620	167	26.8%
Depreciation	269	276	(7)	(2.3)%
Maintenance	256	226	30	13.3%
Nuclear Back-end	30	35	(5)	(12.7)%
Others	643	553	90	16.1%
Electric Operating Expenses	2,735	2,636	99	3.8%
Others	309	334	(25)	(7.5)%
perating Expenses	3,044	2,970	74	2.5%
Operating Income	186	219	(33)	(15.1)%
Interest Expenses, etc.	11	22	(11)	(49.6)%
Ordinary Income	175	197	(22)	(11.3)%
Reserve for Fluctuations in Water Level	(Provision) 15	(Reversal) (5)	20	-
Income Taxes,etc.	50	79	(29)	(36.2)%
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company	109	123	(14)	(11.4)%

[Electricity Sales(Retail)]
Increase in surcharge income based on FIT +84
• Decrease in revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System (143)
 Decrease in in electricity sales volume (retail) (30) ,etc.

[Others]

• Increase in grants for the purchase cost from Surcharge Adjustment Organization +128, etc.

【Fuel, Power Purchase】 (20)

- Increase in purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity +115
- Increase in electricity sales volume (retail + wholesale) +15

Increase in electricity volume generated by hydro power plants (25)

- · Decline in the thermal power generation cost per kWh (125),
 - > Down in the fuel prices (140)
 - > Down of the coal power ratio +15 ,etc.

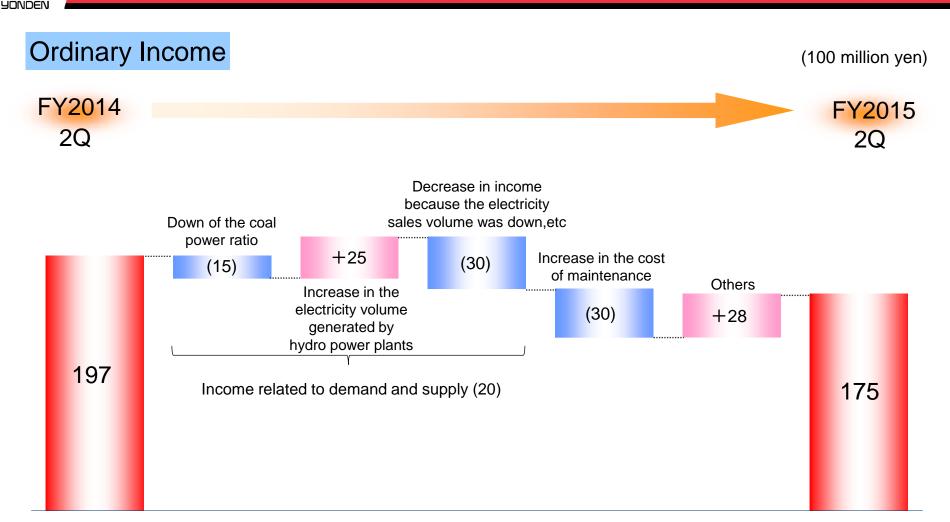
		FY2015 2Q (a)	FY2014 2Q (b)	(a-b)
CIF Price	Coal (\$/t)	80	97	(17)
	Crude Oil (\$/b)	59	110	(51)
(all Japan)	LNG (\$/t)	479	839	(360)
Exchange Rate (¥/\$)		122	103	19

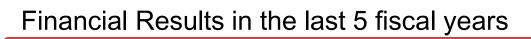
[Maintenance]

- Increase of construction associated with the nuclear power station +22
- Increase of construction associated with thermal power stations +7, etc.

[Others]

Increase in payments to Surcharge Adjustment Organization +84, etc.

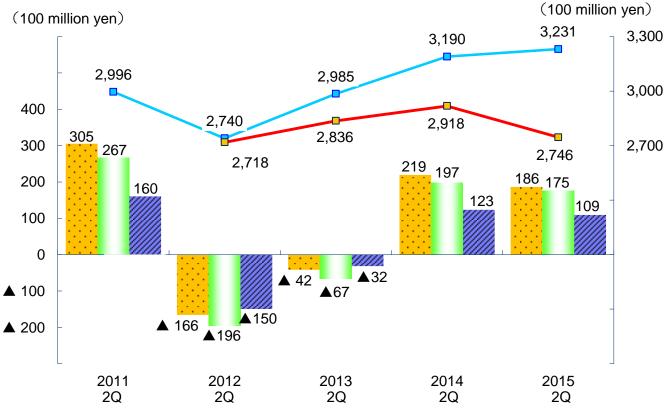






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*1) The revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.



Performance Indicators

		FY2011 2Q	FY2012 2Q	FY2013 2Q	FY2014 2Q	FY2015 2Q
Operating Income Margin *2	(%)	10.2	<(6.1)%> (6.1) <(1.5)%> (1.4)	<7.5%> 6.9	<6.8%> 5.8
Return on Assets (ROA) * ³	(%)	4.6	(2.2) (0.3)	3.6	3.2
Return on Equity (ROE)	(%)	9.1	(9.5) (2.3)	8.6	7.2
Net Income per Share	(yen)	77	(73) (16)	60	53
Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses	(100 million yen)	316	(149) (18)	247	221

*2) Figures in < > are calcurated on the revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.

*3) ROA = (Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses) / Total Assets



- Profit of electric utility segment decreased by ¥ 5.2 billion to ¥ 13.4 billion.
 The factors were as follows;
 - ✓ Income related to fuel and power purchases deteriorated.
 - ✓ The cost of maintenance increased.
- Sales and operating expenses of IT/communications segment remained unchanged from previous fiscal year level. As a result, segment profit was ¥ 1.6 billion.
- □ Sales of others segment increased by ¥ 2.6 billion, because sales in constructions and engineering business increased. Segment profit increased by ¥2.2 billion to ¥3.5 billion.

Results by segment

					nillion yen)
			FY2015 2Q (a)	FY2014 2Q (b)	(a-b)
Consolidated	Sales	3,231	3,190	41	
	Segment Profit	186	219	(33)	
	Sales	2,883	2,833	50	
L_	Electric Utility*	Segment Profit	134	186	(52)
men	IT/Communications*	Sales	154	151	3
Seg	IT/Communications*	Segment Profit	16	19	(3)
	Sales	572	546	26	
	Others*	Segment Profit	35	13	22

Capital Investment

(100 million yei					
	2015FY 2Q				
Electric Utility	287				
<safety at="" ikata="" measures="" nuclear="" power="" station="" the=""></safety>	<105>				
Introduction of a LNG combined cycle to the Sakaide thermal power station unit No.2>	<26>				
IT/Communications	22				
<ftth></ftth>	<7>				
Others	26				
Total	336				

* Internal transactions are not eliminated

		(100 m	illion yen)	
	FY2015 2Q(a)	FY2014 2Q(b)	(a-b)	
	Ordinary Income(loss)	175	197	
Net Cash Provided	Depreciation	317	324	
by Operating Activities	Others	(292)	(238)	
	Subtotal	201	283	(82)
	Capital Expenditures	(356)	(263)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	Investments	(2)	47	
	Subtotal	(358)	(215)	(143)
Free	Cash Flows	(157)	67	(224)
	Bonds and Loans	89	(11)	
Net Cash Provided by financing Activities	Dividend Payments	(41)	-	
	Purchase of Tresury Stock	(0)	(0)	
	Subtotal	47	(11)	

Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

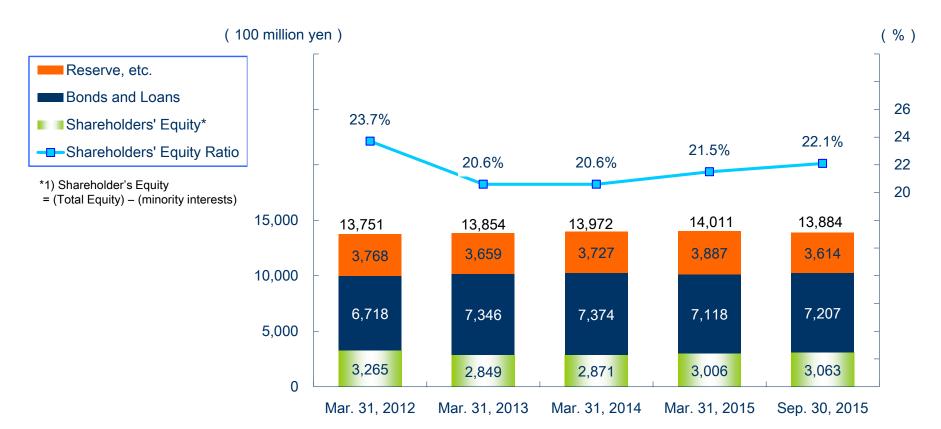
57

(109)

% Plus figures means cash inflow, minus figures means cash outflow.

(100 million yen)							
	Sep 30, 2015 (a)	Mar 31,2015 (b)	(a-b)	Details			
Total Assets	13,884	14,011	(127)				
<plant and="" assets="" equipment,="" intangible=""></plant>	<8,300>	<8,325>	<(25)>	Capital investment +318 Advance of depreciation, etc. (343)			
<cash and="" cash="" equivalents=""></cash>	<195>	<305>	<(109)>				
Liabilities	10,818	11,002	(184)				
<bonds and="" loans=""></bonds>	<7,207>	<7,118>	<89>				
<accounts etc="" payable,=""></accounts>	<3,610>	<3,884>	<(274)>	Decrease of accounts payable			
Total Equity	3,066	3,008	58	 Dividend payment (41) Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company +109 			
Shareholders' Equity Ratio	22.1%	21.5%	0.6%				





Financial Indicators

		Mar 31, 2012	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2015	Sep 30, 2015
Shareholder's Equity Ratio	(%)	23.7	20.6	20.6	21.5	22.1
Interest Bearing Debts Ratio	(times)	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4
Book-value per share(BPS)	(yen)	1,586	1,384	1,394	1,460	1,488
Price Book-value Ratio(PBR)	(times)	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3

(Note) Interest Bearing Debts Ratio = (Bonds and Loans) / (Shareholders' Equity)

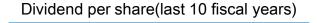


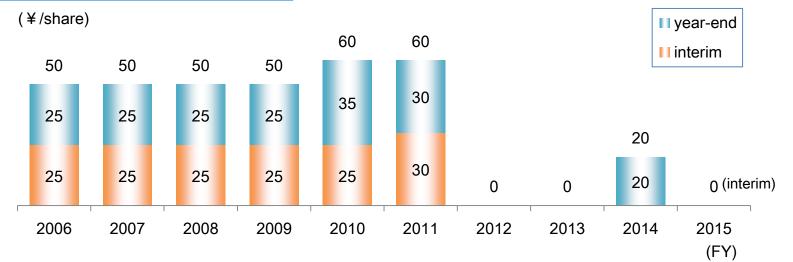
✓ Paying stable dividends is our basic policy for returns to shareholders, which are decided in light of comprehensive consideration of business results, financial position, and medium-to-long-term business conditions.

✓ We decided to forgo interim dividend payments, because we are unable to clearly indicate forecasts for our business performance throughout the fiscal year.

Dividend per share

	FY2014	FY2015
Interim	¥0	¥0
Year-end	¥20	(undesided)







II. Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Performance for FY2015

✓ The forecast of operating revenues throughout the fiscal year remains unchanged from April this year.

- ✓ The forecast of consolidated financial results for FY2015 is still undecided because it is difficult to predict when Unit 3 of the Ikata Nuclear Power Station will resume operations.
- The financial forecast of year-end dividend per share is still undecided at this point in time because it is difficult to predict the future financial performance. Our basic shareholder returns' policy is to issue stable dividend payments, and we will continue operating our business to accomplish this. We will release this financial forecasts as soon as it is determined.

Operating Revenues F	(100) million yen)		
	FY 2015 (Forecast) <a>	FY2014 (Result) 	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
Operating Revenues	6,800	6,642	158	2.4%

Electricity Sales Forecasts

(100 million kWh)					
		FY2015	FY2014	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
		(Forecast) <a>	(Result) 	(C)=(a)-(D)	(0)/(0)
	Lighting	92.5	92.4	0.1	0.1 %
	Power	171.1	171.5	(0.4)	(0.3)%
Re	tail	263.6	263.9	(0.3)	(0.1)%
۱ ا	Nholesale	13.0	11.6	1.4	12.6 %
	Total	276.6	275.5	1.1	0.4 %

Fuel Prices and Exchange Rate Forecasts

	FY2015 (Forecast) <a>	FY2014 (Result) 	<a-b></a-b>
Coal CIF Price(\$/t)	80	93	(13)
Crude oil CIF Price(\$/b)	54	90	(36)
Exchange Rate(¥/\$)	121	110	11



<reference> Non-Consolidated Financial Results for FY2015 2Q (April1, 2015 – September 30, 2015)

1

Non-consolidated

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(100 million yen)						
	FY2015 2Q	FY2014 2Q	Cha	inge		
	(a)	(b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)		
Electricity Sales(Retail)	2,429	2,525	(96)	(3.8)%	ĺ	
<surcharge based="" fit="" income="" on=""></surcharge>	<163>	<79>	<84>	<106.9%>		
Electricity sales(Wholesale), etc.	80	68	12	16.7%		
Others	438	307	131	42.6%		
<grants cost="" for="" from<br="" purchase="" the="">Surcharge Adjustment Organization></grants>	<321>	<193>	<128>	<66.6%>		
Operating Revenues	2,948	2,901	47	1.6%		
Personnel	251	240	11	4.4%		
Fuel	498	685	(187)	(27.2)%		
Power Purchase	787	620	167	26.8%	-	
Depreciation	272	279	(7)	(2.4)%		
Maintenance	258	227	31	13.3%		
Nuclear Back-end	30	35	(5)	(12.7)%		
Others	698	619	79	12.7%	l	
Operating Expenses	2,797	2,709	88	3.3%		
Operating Income	151	192	(41)	(21.4)%		
Interest expence, etc.	(5)	1	(6)	-		
Ordinary Income	157	191	(34)	(17.8)%		
Reserve for Fluctuations in Water Level	(Provision) 15	(Reversal) (5)	20	-		
Income Taxes, etc.	38	68	(30)	(43.6)%		
Net Income	103	128	(25)	(19.2)%		

 Lectricity Sales(Retail) Decrease in revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System (143) Decrease in electricity sales volume (retail) (30) ,etc.

【Fuel, Power Purchase】 (20)
Increase in purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity +115
Increase in electricity sales volume (retail + wholesale) +15
• Increase in electricity volume generated by hydro power plants (25)

- Decline in the thermal power generation cost per kWh (125),
 - > Down in the fuel prices (140)
 - > Down of the coal power ratio +15 ,etc.

		FY2015 2Q (a)	FY2014 2Q (b)	(a-b)
CIF Price	Coal (\$/t)	80	97	(17)
	Crude Oil (\$/b)	59	110	(51)
(all Japan)	LNG (\$/t)	479	839	(360)
Exchange Rate (¥/\$)		122	103	19

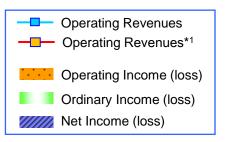
[Maintenance]

- Increase of construction associated with the nuclear power station +22
- Increase of construction associated with thermal power station s +7, etc.

[Others]

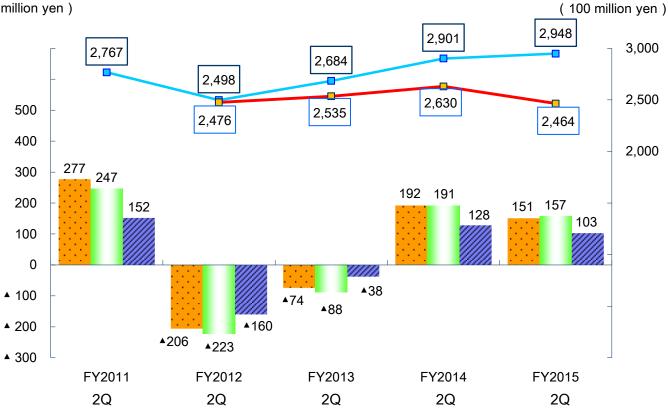
Increase in payments to Surcharge Adjustment Organization +84 , etc.





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*1) The revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.



Performance Indicators

		FY2011 2Q	FY2012 2Q		FY2013 2Q		FY2014 2Q		FY2015 2Q	
Operating Income Margin *2	(%)	10.0	<(8.3)%>	(8.2)	<(2.9)%>	(2.8)	<7.3%>	6.6	<6.2%>	5.1
Return on Assets (ROA) * ³	(%)	4.5		(2.7)		(0.6)		3.6		3.1
Return on Equity (ROE)	(%)	9.8	((11.8)		(3.2)		9.5		7.4
Net Income per Share	(yen)	73		(77)		(18)		62		50
Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses	(100 million yen)	295		(176)		(39)		241		203

*2) Figures in <> are calcurated on the revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.

*3) ROA = (Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses) / Total Assets



	(100 million yen)					
	Jun 30, 2015 (a)	Mar 31,2015 (b)	(a-b)	Details		
Total Assets	13,294	13,386	(92)	r		
<plant and="" assets="" equipment,="" intangible=""></plant>	<7,627>	<7,644>	- <(1/)>	Capital investment+279Advance of depreciation, etc.(296)		
<cash and="" cash="" equivalents=""></cash>	<185>	<294>	<(109)>			
Liabilities	10,474	10,620	(146)			
<bonds and="" loans=""></bonds>	<7,159>	<7,070>	<89>			
<accounts etc="" payable,=""></accounts>	<3,315>	<3,550>	<(235)>	Decrease of accounts payable		
Total Equity	2,819	2,765	54	 Dividend payment (41) Net income +103 		

Shareholders' Equity Ratio	21.2%	20.7%	0.5%
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Liabilities and Total Equity in the last 5 fiscal years



Performance Indicators

		Mar 31, 2012	Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2015	Sep 30, 2015
Shareholder's Equity Ratio	(%)	21.6	18.0	20.1	20.7	21.2
Interest Bearing Debts Ratio	(times)	2.4	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.5
Book-value per share(BPS)	(yen)	1,363	1,146	1,293	1,332	1,359
Price Book-value Ratio(PBR)	(times)	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.4

(Note) Interest Bearing Debts Ratio = (Bonds and Loans) / (Shareholders' Equity)



Caution Regarding Business Forecasts and Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical facts regarding Shikoku Electric Power Company and its subsidiaries and affiliated companies, this presentation contains business forecasts and other forward-looking statements.

These statements are based on our assumptions and judgments in consideration of the information available at the time, and are therefore subject to risks and contain an element of uncertainty.

It is also possible that such forecasts will be revised at a later date in light of changes in the operating environment or other underlying assumptions for the forecasts. We ask that readers please take these factors into consideration.

