

FY2016 Financial Results Outline

(April 1, 2016 – March 31, 2017)

April 27, 2017

SHIKOKU ELECTRIC POWER CO., INC.

Contents

I. Consolidated Financial Results for FY2016

1 . Electricity Sales	1
2 . Electricity Supply	3
3 . Summary of Financial Results	4
4 . Results by Segment	8
5 . Cash Flows	9
6 . Financial Position	10
7 . Dividends	12

II . Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Results & Dividends for FY2017

<Reference>Non-Consolidated Financial Results for FY2016 14

Supplemental Material for FY2016

	Frend of Electricity Sales to Large-scale Industrial Customers	1.
>	Trend of All-electric Housing Construction	18
>	Consumption of Fossil Fuels	19
>	Flow Rate, Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors	20
>	Time Lag Effect of Fuel Cost Adjustment System	2
>	Plant and Equipment Expenditures (consolidated)	22
>	Feed-in Tariff Scheme	26

I. Consolidated Financial Results for FY2016

(April 1, 2016 – March 31, 2017)

- 1 . Electricity Sales
- 2 . Electricity Supply
- 3 . Summary of Financial Results
- 4 . Results by Segment
- 5 . Cash Flows
- 6 . Financial Position
- 7 Dividends

I - 1 . Electricity Sales (1)

Electricity Sales (million kWh)

	FY2016 (a)	FY2015 (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	Details
Retail	25,697	25,754	(57)	(0.2)%	Temperature Effects approx. 500 GWh
Lighting	9,081	8,932	149	1.7%	├ Increase in energy conservation,etc. approx. (600)GWh
Power	16,615	16,822	(207)	(1.2)%	
<large-scale, industrial=""></large-scale,>	<7,300>	<7,427>	<(127)>	<(1.7)%>	
Wholesale	4,710	1,770	2,940	166.1%	
Total	30,406	27,524	2,882	10.5%	

^{*}The imbalances (the differences between the demand planned in advance by the electricity suppliers and the actual demand) which have not been confirmed as of the settlement day are not to be included.

Average Temperatures in Prefectural Capitals in Shikoku

(°C)

	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	4-month AVG.	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	4-month AVG.
FY2016	23.2	27.7	29.1	25.4	26.4	9.7	6.6	6.9	9.4	8.2
Differences from the average year	0.4	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.9	1.4	0.6	0.3	(0.3)	0.5
Differences from the previous year	0.9	1.4	1.5	2.1	1.5	(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.6)	(1.5)	(0.7)

Electricity Sales to Large-Scale Industrial Customers

	FY2016
Textiles	(19.1)%
Paper/Pulp	(17.7)%
Chemicals	2.7%
Steel	1.5%
Machinery	4.4%
Other	1.4%
Total	(1.7)%

^{*}Changes from the previous period.

- 1 . Electricity Sales (2)

Electricity Sales in the Last 5 Years

(million kWh)

	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016
Lighting	9,625	9,615	9,238	8,932	9,081
Power	17,785	17,599	17,154	16,822	16,615
<large-scale,industrial></large-scale,industrial>	<7,681>	<7,511>	<7,505>	<7,427>	<7,300>
Total	27,410	27,214	26,392	25,754	25,697

Electricity Sales Changes from the Previous Fiscal Year

	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016
Lighting	(1.7)%	(0.1)%	(3.9)%	(3.3)%	1.7%
Power	(4.6)%	(1.0)%	(2.5)%	(1.9)%	(1.2)%
<large-scale,industrial></large-scale,industrial>	<(6.7)%>	<(2.2)%>	<(0.1)%>	<(1.0)%>	<(1.7)%>
Total	(3.6)%	(0.7)%	(3.0)%	(2.4)%	(0.2)%

Average Temperatures in Prefectural Capitals in Shikoku

(°C)

	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016
Summer*1	25.9	26.5	25.2	24.9	26.4
Winter*2	7.5	7.7	7.6	8.9	8.2

^{*1)} Summer means an average temperature of June, July, August, and September.

^{*2)} Winter means an average temperature of December, January, February, March.

I - 2 . Electricity Supply

(million kWh)

	FY2016 (a)	FY2015 (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	Details
Hydro	3,463	3,784	(321)	(8.5)%	• Flow Rate 116.9% → 110.0%
Nuclear	4,945	-	4,945	-	 Ikata Unit No.3 resumed its operation.(August, 2016) Capacity factor of Ikata Unit No.3: 0.0%→ 63.4%
	73%	69%	4%		
Coal	16,010	16,554	(544)	(3.3)%	
	9%	8%	1%		
LNG	1,961	2,114	(153)	(7.2)%	
	18%	23%	(5)%		♦ Electricity by thermal power FY2016
Oil/Gas	4,053	5,501	(1,448)	(26.3)%	GWh Composition Change [*]
	100%	100%			Generated 14,132 64% (1,008) Purchased 7,892 36% (1,137)
Thermal	22,024	24,169	(2,145)	(8.9)%	Total 22,024 100% (2,145) **Changes from the previous period.(GWh)
Renewable Energy	2,832	2,267	565	25.0%	

⁽Note1) % figures in are composition ratios of the electricity generated and purchased by thermal power stations

⁽Note2) The electricity purchased from other utilities are included.

⁽Note3) The imbalances (the differences between the demand planned in advance by the electricity suppliers and the actual demand) which have not been confirmed as of the settlement day are not to be included.

I - 3 . Summary of Financial Results

- □ Operating revenues increased by ¥30.5 billion YoY, to ¥ 684.5 billion. The factors were as follows;
 - ✓ Revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System decreased due to down in the fuel prices.
 - ✓ Revenues from wholesales increased.
 - ✓ The surcharge income and grants from Surcharge Adjustment Organization based on the feed-in-tariff scheme (FIT) increased, etc.
- ☐ Operating expenses increased by ¥ 35.2 billion YoY, to ¥ 664.5 billion. The factors were as follows;
 - ✓ The total amount of the fuel and power purchase cost decreased due to the resumption of operation of Ikata Unit No.3 and down in the fuel prices.
 - ✓ The unrecognized actuarial loss related to retirement benefits was amortized.
 - ✓ Submission of the collected surcharge based on FIT increased, etc.
- As a result,
 - ✓ Operating income decreased by ¥ 4.7 billion YoY, to ¥ 20.0 billion.
 - ✓ Ordinary income decreased by ¥ 6.0 billion YoY, to ¥ 15.9 billion.
 - ✓ Net income increased by ¥ 0.2 billion YoY, to ¥ 11.3 billion because of decrease in provision of reserve for fluctuations in water level, etc.

(100 million yen)

	FY2016 (a)	FY2015 (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
Operating Revenues	6,845	6,540	305	4.7%
Operating Expenses	6,645	6,293	352	5.6%
Operating Income	200	247	(47)	(19.0)%
Interest Expenses, etc.	40	27	13	49.6%
Ordinary Income	159	219	(60)	(27.5)%
Reserve for Fluctuations in Water Level (Provision)	2	30	(28)	(92.3)%
Income Taxes, etc.	43	77	(34)	(44.1)%
Net Income attributable to shareholders of parent company	113	111	2	1.8%

(Note) Ordinary income is income before reserve for fluctuations in water level and income taxes, etc.

[Details of Consolidated Financial Results; year-on-year basis]

(100 million yen))
-------------------	---

			FY2016	FY2015	Cha	nge
			(a)	(b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
		Electricity Sales(Retail)	4,712	4,863	(151)	(3.1)%
		Electricity Sales(Wholesale), etc.	398	168	230	136.4%
		Others	910	709	201	28.3%
	EI	lectric Operating Revenues	6,022	5,742	280	4.9%
	0	ther Revenues	822	797	25	3.2%
0	pe	rating Revenues	6,845	6,540	305	4.7%
		Personnel	705	508	197	38.9%
		Fuel	694	932	(238)	(25.5)%
		Power Purchase	1,553	1,507	46	3.1%
		Depreciation	593	552	41	7.3%
		Maintenance	589	557	32	5.6%
		Nuclear Back-end	119	68	51	74.6%
		Others	1,640	1,469	171	11.6%
	E	lectric Operating Expenses	5,895	5,596	299	5.3%
	0	ther Operating Expenses	749	696	53	7.6%
0	pei	rating Expenses	6,645	6,293	352	5.6%
		Operating Income	200	247	(47)	(19.0)%
	In	terest Expenses, etc.	40	27	13	49.6%
		Ordinary Income	159	219	(60)	(27.5)%
		eserve for Fluctuations in ater Level (Provision)	2	30	(28)	(92.3)%
	ln	come Taxes,etc.	43	77	(34)	(44.1)%
	sh	Net income attributable to areholders of parent company	113	111	2	1.8%

[Electricity Sales(Retail)]

- · Decrease in electricity sales (retail) volume (8)
- · Decrease in revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System (296)
- Increase in surcharge income based on FIT +153

[Other Electric Operating Revenues]

 Increase in grants for the purchase cost from Surcharge Adjustment Organization based on FIT +165, etc.

[Personnel]

· Increase in amortization of the unrecognized actuarial loss +197, etc.

【Fuel, Power Purchase】 (193)

- Increase in electricity volume generated by nuclear power plants due to the resumption of operation of Ikata Unit No.3 (188)
- · Decline in the thermal power generation cost per kWh (305)
- · Decrease in electricity volume generated by hydro power plants +15
- · Increase in total electricity sales +135

· Increase in purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity +144, etc.

		FY2016	FY2015	(a-b)
		(a)	(b)	(a-b)
CIF Price	Coal (\$/t)	81	75	6
	Crude Oil (\$/b)	48	49	(1)
(all Japan)	LNG (\$/t)	361	452	(91)
Exchange Rate (¥/\$)		108	120	(12)

[Depreciation]

 Increase due to the completion of replacement construction of Sakaide unit No.2, +35, etc.

[Maintenance]

- · Increase in construction associated with the distribution +19
- · Increase in construction associated with the thermal power station +16, etc.

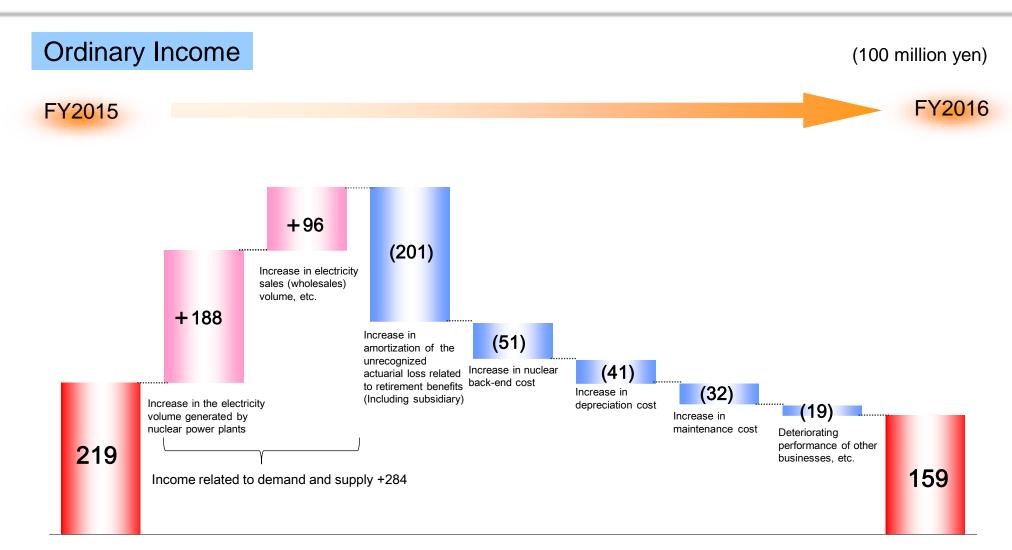
【Other Electric Operating Expenses】

 Increase in submission to Surcharge Adjustment Organization based on FIT +153, etc.

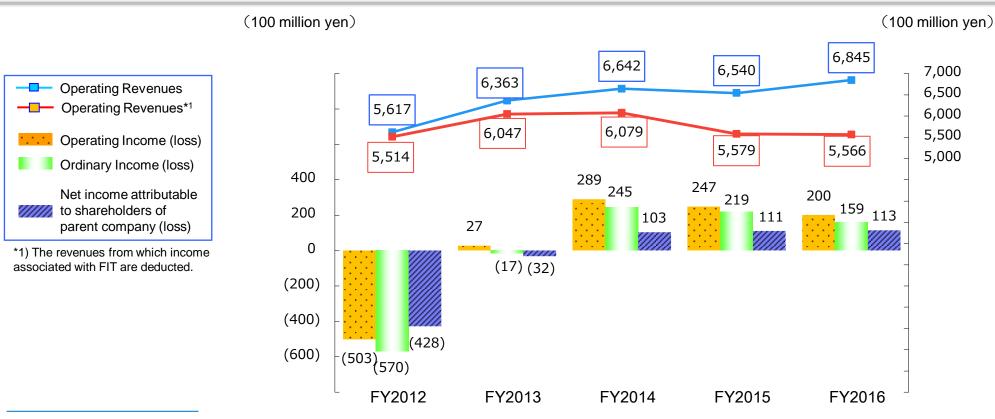
[Income Taxes, etc.]

 Decrease reflecting the previous year's reversal of deferred tax assets accompanying the change in the effective income tax rate (16), etc.

All Rights Reserved © 2017 YONDEN Shikoku Electric Power Co., Inc.



Financial Results in the last 5 fiscal years



Performance Indicators

		FY20	12	FY201	3	FY201	4	FY201	5	FY201	16
Operating Income Margin *2	(%)	<(9.1)%>	(9.0)	<0.4%>	0.4	<4.8%>	4.4	<4.4%>	3.8	<3.6%>	2.9
Return on Assets (ROA) *3	(%)		(3.4)		0.6		2.5		2.2		1.8
Return on Equity (ROE)	(%)		(14.0)		(1.1)		3.6		3.8		3.9
Net income per Share	(yen)		(208)		(16)		50		54		55
Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses	(100 million yen)		(475)		81		344		310		244

^{*2)} Figures in < > are calcurated on the revenues from w hich income associated with FIT are deducted.

^{*3)} ROA = (Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses) / Total Assets

I - 4 . Results by Segment

(100 millions yen)

		FY2016 (a)	FY2015 (b)	(a-b)	Main Factors	
Consolidated		Revenues	6,845	6,540	305	
	Consolidated	Segment Profit	200	247	(47)	-
	Electric Utility*	Revenues	6,034	5,754	280	Increase in wholesales revenues, the surcharge income and grants
	Electric Othicy	Segment Profit	104	116	(12)	from Surcharge Adjustment Organization based on the FIT, etc.
	IT/	Revenues	356	336	20	Increase in FTTH and mobile service business, etc.
	Communications*	Segment Profit	40	34	6	
Segment	Construction/	Revenues	527	600	(73)	Decrease in orders received of construction contracts, etc.
Segr	Engineering*	Segment Profit	16	42	(26)	
	Energy*	Revenues	200	228	(28)	Decrease in LNG sales business, etc.
	Lileigy	Segment Profit	19	34	(15)	
	Others*	Revenues	494	500	(6)	
	Others	Segment Profit	18	23	(5)	-

^{*} Internal transactions are not eliminated

Capital Investment

(100 million yen)

	FY2016
Electric Utility	625
<safety at="" ikata="" measures="" nuclear="" power="" station=""></safety>	<115>
<replacement no.2="" of="" power="" sakaide="" station="" thermal="" unit=""></replacement>	<44> <33>
<replacement no.1="" of="" power="" saijo="" station="" thermal="" unit=""></replacement>	<33>
IT/Communications	37
<ftth></ftth>	<14>
Construction/Engineering, Energy, Others	20
Total	684

^{* &}quot;Construction/Engineering" and "Energy", which was included in "Others" so far, are listed separately as the reportable segments from this fiscal year.

(100 million yen)

				,
		FY2016	FY2015	(a-b)
		(a)	(b)	(a-b)
	Ordinary Income	159	219	
Cash Flows from	Depreciation	691	652	
Operating Activities	Others	(33)	44	
	Subtotal	817	917	(100)
Cash Flows from	Capital Expenditures	(632)	(888)	
Investing Activities	Investments	28	3	
Trivesuring Activities	Subtotal	(603)	(885)	282
Free	Cash Flows	213	31	182
	Bonds and Loans	(120)	79	
Cash Flows from	Cash Dividends Paid	(41)	(41)	
Financing Activities	Purchase of Tresury Shares	(0)	(0)	
	Subtotal	(162)	37	

Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	50	69
---	----	----

^{*}Plus figures means cash inflow, minus figures means cash outflow.

<Reference>

Debt to CF Ratio (times) *	8.7	7.8
Interest Coverage Ratio (times) *	9.4	10.1

^{*}Debt to CF Ratio: Interest bearing debt / Cash flows from operating activities

^{*}Interest coverage ratio: Cash flows from operating activities / Interest expenses

I - 6 . Financial Position

(100 million yen)

	Mar 31, 2017 (a)	Mar 31,2016 (b)	(a-b)	Details
Total assets	13,012	14,017	(1,005)	
<plant and="" assets<br="" equipment,="" intangible="">(except nuclear power abolition in progress)></plant>	<8,294>	<8,415>	<(121)>	Capital investment +621 Advance of depreciation, etc. (742)
<reserve for="" fuel="" fund="" irradiated="" nuclear="" of="" reprocessing=""></reserve>	<->	<972>	<(972)>	Reversal due to the introduction of the Spent Nuclear Fuel Reprocessing Implementation Act (※)
Liabilities	9,973	11,155	(1,182)	
<bonds and="" loans=""></bonds>	<7,077>	<7,197>	<(120)>	
< Provisions, etc.>	<2,896>	<3,958>	<(1,062)>	Reversal due to the introduction of the Spent Nuclear Fuel Reprocessing Implementation Act (※)
Total net assets	3,038	2,861	177	
<retained earnings=""></retained>	<1,473>	<1,401>	<72>	Net Income +113 Dividend payment (41)
<accumulated comprehensive="" income="" other=""></accumulated>	<169>	<64>	<105>	Increase in remeasurements of defined benefit plans reflecting amortization of the unrecognized actuarial loss +118, etc.
Shareholders' equity ratio	23.3%	20.4%	2.9%	

^{※)} Due to the introduction of the Spent Nuclear Fuel Reprocessing Implementation Act in October 2016, we transferred the reserve fund for reprocessing of irradiated nuclear fuel as contribution to the new implementing body "Nuclear Reprocessing Organization of Japan". Consequently, "Reserve fund for reprocessing of irradiated nuclear fuel" and "Provision for reprocessing of irradiated nuclear fuel" offset each other on the balance sheet.

Liabilities and Total Equity in the last 5 fiscal years



Financial Indicators

		Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2016	Mar 31, 2017
Shareholder's Equity Ratio	(%)	20.6	20.6	21.5	20.4	23.3
Interest Bearing Debts Ratio	(times)	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.3
Book-value per Share(BPS)	(yen)	1,384	1,394	1,460	1,388	1,474
Price Book-value Ratio(PBR)	(times)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.8

(Note) Interest Bearing Debts Ratio = Bonds and Loans / Shareholders' Equity

I - 7 . Dividends

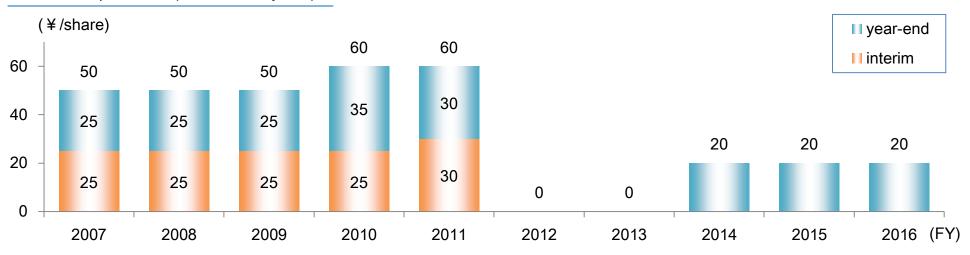
- ✓ Paying stable dividends is our basic policy for returns to shareholders, which are decided in light of comprehensive consideration of business results, financial position, and medium-to-long-term business conditions.
- ✓ The year-end dividend per share of FY2016 is planned to be ¥ 20 (no change from the previous year), reflecting our business performance across the whole fiscal year.

Dividends per Share

	FY2015	FY2016
Interim	¥ 0	¥ 0
Year-end	¥ 20	¥ 20

※FY2016 year-end dividends is officially decided on the resolution of general meeting of stockholders which will be held in Jun. 2017.

Dividends per Share (last 10 fiscal years)



II. Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Results & Dividends for FY2017

- □ Operating revenues are expected to increase ¥25.5 billion YoY, to ¥710.0 billion. The main factors are as follows;
 - ✓ Revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System is expected to increase due to rise in the fuel prices.
 - ✓ The surcharge income and grants from Surcharge Adjustment Organization based on FIT is expected to increase.
 - ✓ Total electricity sales is expected to decrease.
- □ Operating income is expected to increase by ¥6.5 billion, to ¥26.5 billion; ordinary income is expected to increase by approx. ¥9.0 billion, to ¥25.0 billion; and net income is expected to increase by approx. ¥6.0 billion, to ¥17.5 billion.

The main factors are as follows;

- ✓ Personnel cost is expected to decrease in reaction to the amortization of the unrecognized actuarial loss in previous year.
- ✓ Maintenance cost is expected to increase.
- \Box The annual dividends of FY2017 is planned to be increased by Y = 10 per share YoY, to Y = 30.
 - ✓ The interim dividends will be ¥15 per share.
 - ✓ The year-end dividends will be ¥ 15 per share.

Financial Results

(100 million yen)

	FY2017	FY2016	change		
	(Forecast) <a>	(Result) 	<c=a-b></c=a-b>	<c b=""></c>	
Operating Revenues	7,100	6,845	255	3.7%	
Operating Income	265	200	65	32.4%	
Ordinary Income	250	159	91	57.0%	
Net Income Attributable Shareholders of Parent Company	175	113	62	54.2%	
Net income per share	¥ 85	¥ 55	¥ 30	-	

Dividends per Share

	FY2017 (Forecast)	FY2016 (Result)
Interim	¥ 15	¥ 0
Year-end	¥ 15	¥ 20

Electricity Sales

(100 million kWh)

	FY2017 FY2016		cha	nge
	(Forecast) <a>	(Result) 	<c=a-b></c=a-b>	<c b=""></c>
Retail	250.8	257.0	(6.2)	(2.4)%
 Lighting 	87.7	90.8	(3.1)	(3.5)%
• Power	163.1	166.2	(3.1)	(1.8)%
Wholesale	30.6	47.1	(16.5)	(35.0)%
Total	281.4	304.1	(22.7)	(7.5)%

Fuel Prices / Exchange Rate and Other Factors

	FY2017	FY2016	change
	(Forecast) <a>	(Result) 	<c=a-b></c=a-b>
Capacity Factor of Ikata Unit No.3(%)	69.2	63.4	5.8
Coal CIF Price (\$/t)	100	81	19
Crude Oil CIF Price (\$/b)	55	48	7
Exchange Rate (¥/\$)	110	108	2

<Reference> Non-Consolidated Financial Results

1 . Details of Financial Results ; year-on-year basis

(100 million yen)

(Too Hillion yen)					
	FY2016	FY2015	Cha	ange	
	(a)	(b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	
Electricity Sales(Retail)	4,712	4,863	(151)	(3.1)%	
<surcharge based="" fit="" income="" on=""></surcharge>	<496>	<343>	<153>	<44.4%>	
Electricity Sales(Wholesale), etc.	398	168	230	136.5%	
Others	1,020	847	173	20.3%	
<grants cost="" for="" from="" purchase="" surcharge<br="" the="">Adjustment Organization based on FIT></grants>	<781>	<616>	<165>	<26.9%>	
Operating Revenues	6,131	5,880	251	4.3%	
Personnel	711	512	199	38.7%	
Fuel	694	932	(238)	(25.5)%	
Power Purchase	1,553	1,507	46	3.1%	
Depreciation	598	558	40	7.1%	
Maintenance	592	562	30	5.4%	
Nuclear Back-end	119	68	51	74.6%	
Others	1,741	1,591	150	9.5%	
Operating Expenses	6,011	5,733	278	4.9%	
Operating Income	120	146	(26)	(18.0)%	
Interest expence, etc.	16	13	3	19.9%	
Ordinary Income	104	133	(29)	(21.8)%	
Reserve for Fluctuations in Water Level (Provision)	2	30	(28)	(92.3)%	
Income Taxes, etc.	19	41	(22)	(52.4)%	
Net Income	82	61	21	34.0%	

[Electricity Sales(Retail)]

- · Decrease in electricity sales (retail) volume (8)
- Decrease in revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System (296)

[Personnel]

· Increase in amortization of the unrecognized actuarial loss +197, etc.

【Fuel, Power Purchase】 (193)

- Increase in electricity volume generated by nuclear power plants due to the resumption of operation of Ikata Unit No.3 (188)
- Decline in the thermal power generation cost per kWh (305)
- · Decrease in electricity volume generated by hydro power plants +15
- Increase in total electricity sales +135
- · Increase in purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity +144, etc.

[Depreciation]

 Increase due to the completion of replacement construction of Sakaide unit No.2, +35, etc.

[Maintenance]

- · Increase in construction associated with the distribution +19
- Increase in construction associated with the thermal power station +16, etc.

[Others]

· Increase in submission to Surcharge Adjustment Organization +153, etc.

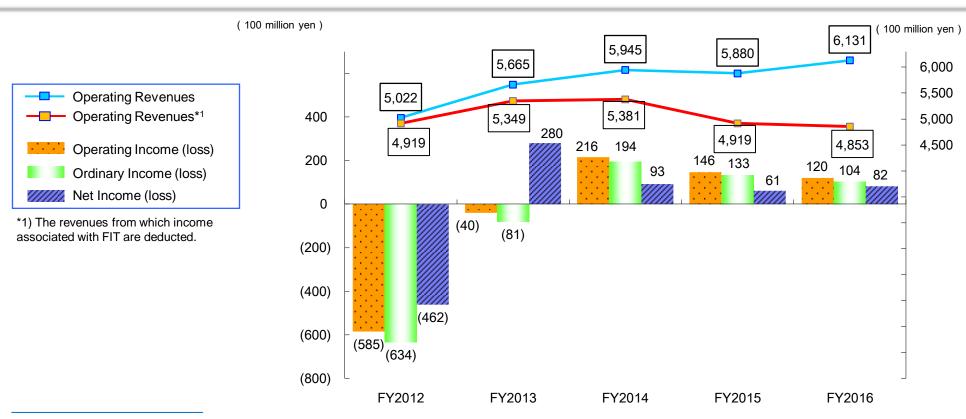
[Income Taxes, etc.]

• Decrease reflecting the previous year's reversal of deferred tax assets accompanying the change in the effective income tax rate (16), etc.

<The Major Breakdown of Operating Expenses>

FY2016	FY2015
6,011	5,733
126	124
1,082	1,331
772	721
296	311
143	145
587	524
245	208
	6,011 126 1,082 772 296 143 587

All Rights Reserved © 2017 YONDEN Shikoku Electric Power Co., Inc.

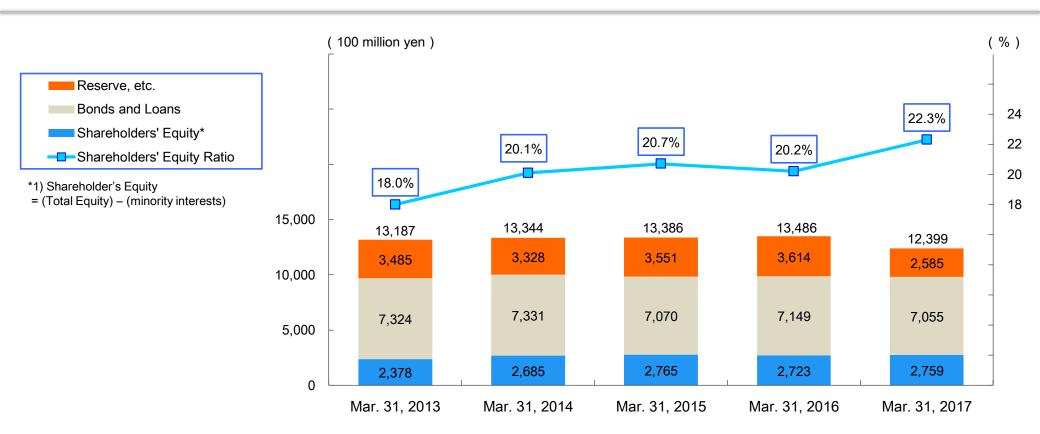


Performance Indicators

		FY2012	FY2013		FY2014		FY2015		FY2016	
Operating Income Margin *2	(%)	<(11.9)%> (11.7)	<(0.7)%>	(0.7)	<4.0%>	3.6	<3.0%>	2.5	<2.5%>	2.0
Return on Assets (ROA) *3	(%)	(4.1)		0.1		2.2		1.7		1.5
Return on Equity (ROE)	(%)	(17.7)		11.1		3.5		2.2		3.0
Net Income per Share	(yen)	(223)		135		45		30		40
Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses	(100 million yen)	(540)		17		293		223		189

^{*2)} Figures in < > are calcurated on the revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.

^{*3)} ROA = (Ordinary Income(Loss) + Interest Expenses) / Total Assets



Performance Indicators

		Mar 31, 2013	Mar 31, 2014	Mar 31, 2015	Mar 31, 2016	Mar 31, 2017
Shareholder's Equity Ratio	(%)	18.0	20.1	20.7	20.2	22.3
Interest Bearing Debts Ratio	(times)	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6
Book-value per Share(BPS)	(yen)	1,146	1,293	1,332	1,312	1,329
Price Book-value Ratio(PBR)	(times)	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.9

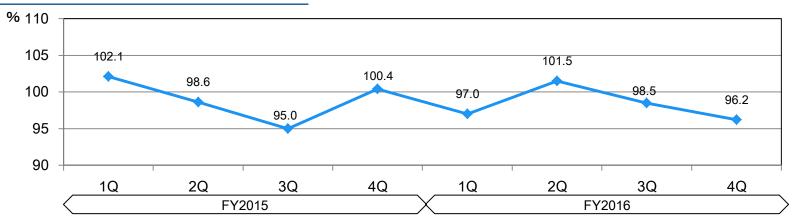
(Note) Interest Bearing Debts Ratio = (Bonds and Loans) / (Shareholders' Equity)

Supplemental material for FY2016

- > Trend of Electricity Sales to Large-scale Industrial Customers
- > Trend of All-electric Housing Construction
- Consumption of Fossil Fuels
- > Flow Rate, Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors
- > Time Lag Effect of Fuel Cost Adjustment System
- > Plant and Equipment Expenditures (consolidated)
- > Feed-in Tariff Scheme

Trend of Electricity Sales to Large-scale Industrial Customers

Year on Year Growth Rate (Total)



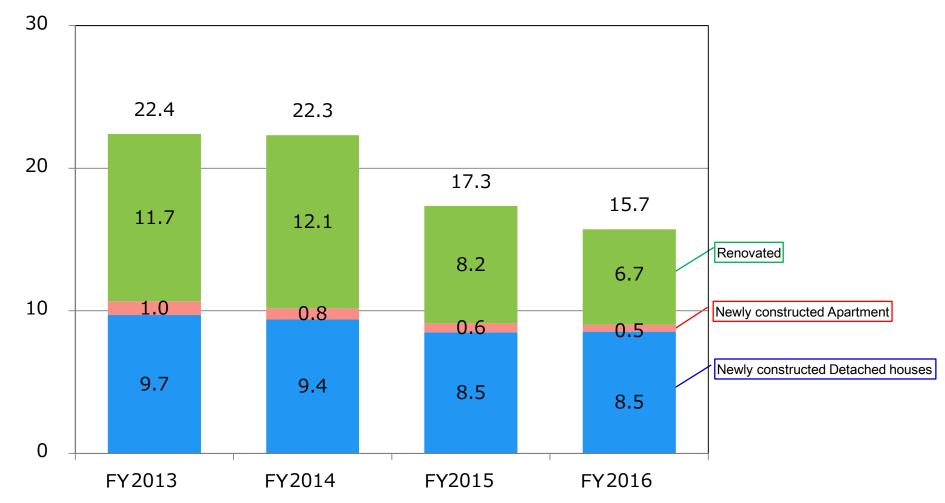
Year on Year Growth Rate (By Segment)

(%)

			FY2015					FY2016		
	1Q (Apr-Jun)	2Q (Jul-Sep)	3Q (Oct-Dec)	4Q (Jan-Mar)	Total	1Q (Apr-Jun)	2Q (Jul-Sep)	3Q (Oct-Dec)	4Q (Jan-Mar)	Total
Total	2.1	(1.4)	(5.0)	0.4	(1.0)	(3.0)	1.5	(1.5)	(3.8)	(1.7)
Textiles	24.4	34.3	13.2	0.0	17.3	(19.6)	(19.3)	(15.4)	(22.4)	(19.1)
Paper/Pulp	6.6	(0.5)	(17.0)	(0.5)	(3.4)	(16.0)	(15.2)	(20.9)	(18.8)	(17.7)
Chemicals	(1.5)	(4.5)	(1.1)	3.7	(0.9)	0.9	5.4	2.5	2.0	2.7
Steel	(5.2)	(16.8)	(7.9)	0.4	(7.0)	5.4	11.9	0.5	(8.3)	1.5
Machinery	4.1	(0.0)	(3.4)	0.6	0.3	0.8	6.1	7.1	3.5	4.4
Others	(8.0)	(1.2)	(2.4)	(0.7)	(1.3)	(0.3)	4.4	1.4	(0.1)	1.4

Number of All-electric Housing Construction

(thousand)



【Consumption of Fossil Fuels】

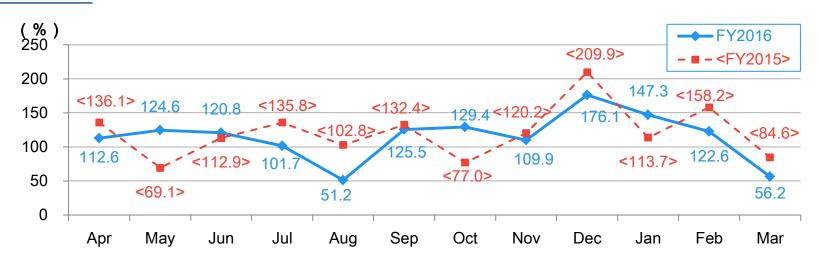
	FY2016 (A)	FY2015 (B)	(A-B)
Coal (10,000t)	303.5	280.5	23.0
Heavy Oil(10,000kl)	38.1	67.0	(28.9)
Crude Oil (10,000kl)	10.8	14.2	(3.5)
LNG (10,000t)	28.5	30.4	(1.9)

[Fuel Prices]

	FY2016 (A)	FY2015 (B)	(A-B)
CIF price: Coal (\$/t)	81	75	6
CIF price: Crude Oil (\$/b)	48	49	(1)
CIF price: LNG (\$/t)	361	452	(91)
Exchange rate (¥/\$)	108	120	(12)

Flow Rate, Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors

Flow Rate



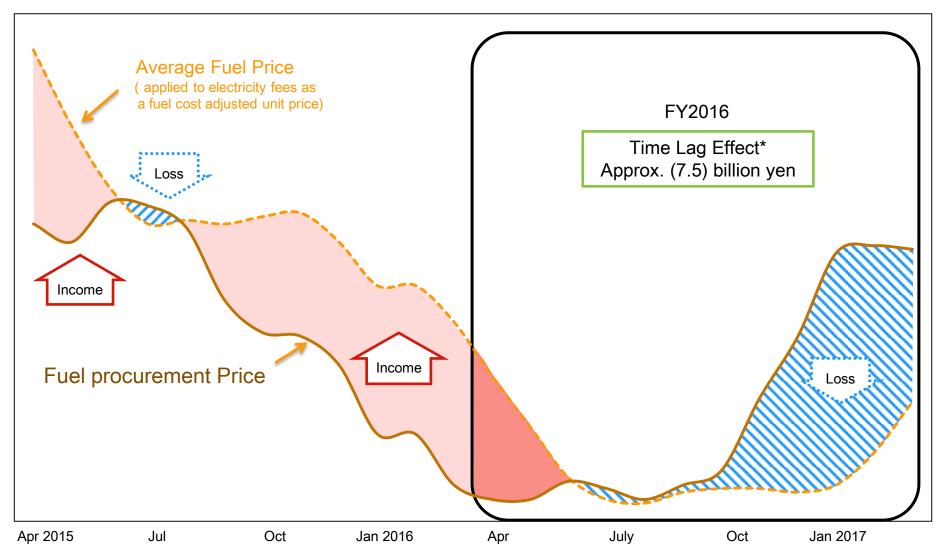
Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors

(100 million yen)

	FY2016
CIF price: crude oil (1\$/b)	4
CIF price: coal (1\$/t)	7
Exchange rate (¥1/\$)	8
Nuclear power capacity factor (1%)	3
Flow Rate (1%)	2

^{*}Because this sensitivity is theoretical value calculated based on some assumption, real impacts could change depending actual supply/demand situation.

^{*}Nuclear power capacity is calculated considering Ikata Unit No.3.



^{*}Fluctuation in fuel prices causes time lag between payment of fuel cost and reception of fuel cost adjustment charges, resulting in temporary increase or decrease in profits. Time Lag Effect above is this temporary increase or decrease, assuming that time lag does not take place.

	FY2016
Power sources	337
Hydro	48
Thermal	117
Nuclear	172
Transmission	57
Transformation	57
Distribution	95
Other	31
Subtotal	579
Nuclear fuel	45
Electric power business	625
Other business	58
Total [*]	684

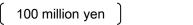
(100 million yen)

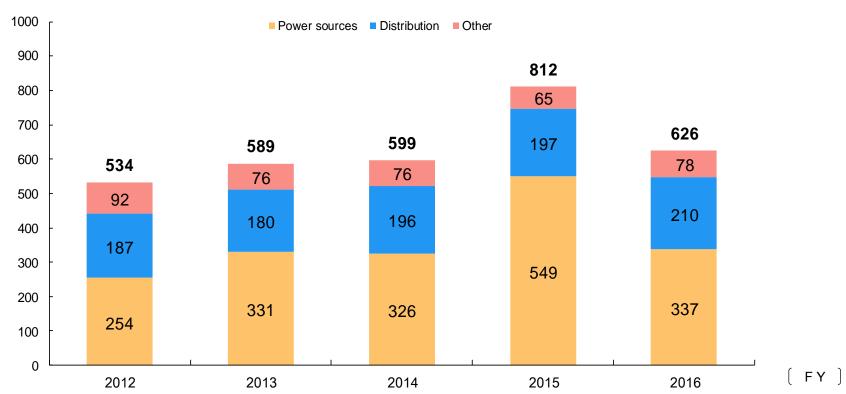
<ref> FY2015</ref>
549
39
122
387
45
56
96
29
777
35
812
104
917

^{*}before the elimination of unrealized profits

[Plant and Equipment Expenditures in last 5 fiscal years]







♦Consolidated Basis

[100 million yen]

FΥ	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	654	757	721	917	684
Electric Power Business	531	587	595	812	625
Others	122	169	125	104	58

*before the elimination of unrealized profits

(100 million yen)

		Total	FY2011 ~ FY2016 (results)	
		(forecasts)		FY2016
Facility Construction	Short term	Approx. 750	717	51
	Medium term	Approx. 700	282	71
Analysis and Evaluation		Approx. 250	239	13
		Approx.1,700	1,239	136
Total	Capital Investment	Approx.1,400	921	115
	Expenses	Approx. 300	317	20

^{*}Total amounts of costs for safety measures are based on our assumptions and judgments in consideration of the information available at this time, and are therefore subject to change due to future situation.

(As of March 31, 2017) Output Types (MW) Hydro Run-of-the-river type 307 1,147 MW Reservoir type 155 Pumped-storage 686 Output **Power Plant** Start of operations Age (MW) Decommissioned (38)(Unit No.1) (566)(September 1977) Ikata Nuclear on May 10, 2016 1,456 MW Unit No.2 566 March 1982 35 Unit No.3 890 22 December 1994 Output Power Plant Start of operations Age Fuel source (MW) Unit No.1 125 July 1963 Oil Anan 53 **Total Output** Unit No.2 220 Oil January 1969 48 6,341 MW Unit No.3 450 Oil August 1975 41 Unit No.4 450 Oil December 1976 40 Tachibana-wan 700 June 2000 Coal 16 **Thermal** Coal / Biomass / Oil Saijo Unit No.1 156 November 1965 51 3,736 MW Unit No.2 250 Coal / Biomass / Oil June 1970 46 Sakaide Unit No.1 **LNG** 296 August 2010 6 Unit No.2 289 **LNG** August 2016 0 Unit No.3 450 **April 1973** Oil / COG 44 Unit No.4 350 May 1974 42 LNG / COG Output **Power Plant** Start of operations Age Solar (MW) 2 MW Matsuyama 2 March 2003 14

Results of FY2016 Cash flow Those engaged in the power generation business using renewable energy sources **Electricity customers** Those who generate power at home Purchase of electricity at a fixed price for a government guaranteed period Collection of surcharge together with the electricity charge Electric utility Submission of the collected Payment for the purchase cost surcharge Surcharge adjustment organization (organization to collect and distribute the surcharge) (100 million yen)

② Surcharge

496

We collect surcharge from customers with the electricity charge.

③ Submission of the collected surcharge 496
We submit the collected surcharge to surcharge adjustment organization.

Purchase of electricity

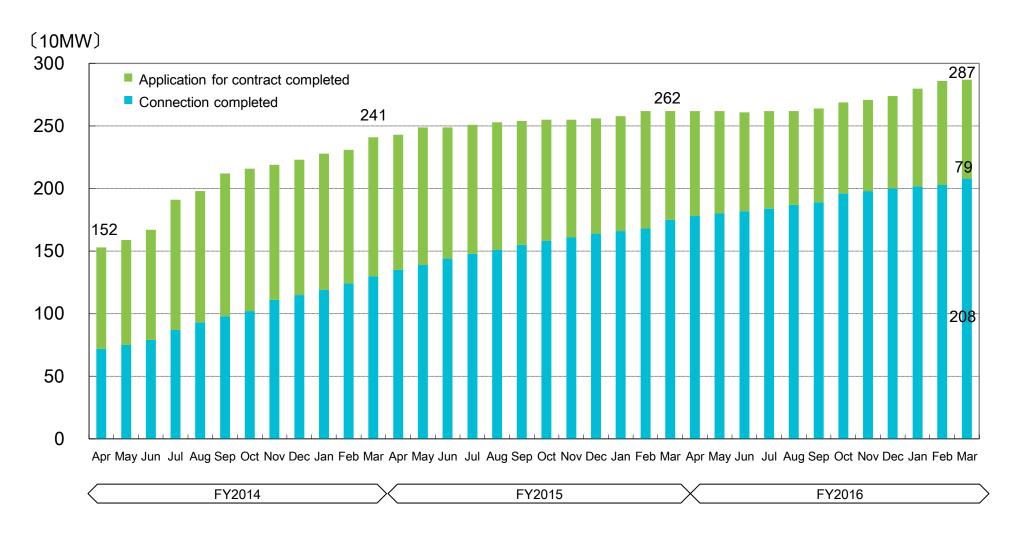
909

We purchase electricity at a fixed price from those engaged in the power generation business using renewable energy sources and those who generate power at home.

Payment for the purchase cost

781

Surcharge adjustment organization pay grants corresponding to the actual purchase costs.



^{*} Outputs after July 2014 are including southern part of Awaji Island (approx. 180MW, as of March 31, 2017)

^{*} Outputs after October 2016 are total amount of Shikoku region, including new electric utility entrants.

Caution Regarding Business Forecasts and Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical facts regarding Shikoku Electric Power Company and its subsidiaries and affiliated companies, this presentation contains business forecasts and other forward-looking statements.

These statements are based on our assumptions and judgments in consideration of the information available at the time, and are therefore subject to risks and contain an element of uncertainty.

It is also possible that such forecasts will be revised at a later date in light of changes in the operating environment or other underlying assumptions for the forecasts. We ask that readers please take these factors into consideration.

