

FY2019 2Q Financial Results Outline

(April 1, 2019 – September 30, 2019)

October 31, 2019

SHIKOKU ELECTRIC POWER CO., INC.

Contents

O	verview	of	Conso	lidated	Financia	Results
J	7 OI 7 IO II	~:		II MALUM	I IIIAIIOIA	

I. Consolidated Financial Results for FY2019 2Q

Summary of Financial Results	2
➤ Electricity Sales	3
➤ Electricity Supplied	5
Details of Consolidated Financial Results	6
➤ Results by Segment	9
➤ Cash Flows	10
➤ Financial Position	11
➢ Dividends	13

15

II. Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Results & Dividends for FY2019

<Reference>
Non-Consolidated Financial Results for FY2019

Supplemental Material for FY2019 2Q

	Number of All-electric Housing Construction	18
>	Consumption of Fossil Fuels	19
>	Flow Rate, Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors	20
>	Time Lag Effect of Fuel Cost Adjustment System	2
>	Plant and Equipment Expenditures (consolidated)	2
>	Feed-in Tariff Scheme	2

Overview of Consolidated Financial Results

[Financial Results for FY 2019 2Q]

- ☐ Operating revenues increased by ¥14.5 billion YoY, to ¥ 373.2 billion. The main factors were as follows;
- ✓ Wholesale electricity sales increased sharply, due to surplus capacity of thermal power accompanied by operation of Ikata Unit No.3.
- ✓ Retail electricity sales declined.
- □ Operating expenses decreased by ¥ 7.5 billion YoY, to ¥ 339.6 billion, mainly due to decrease in total amount of fuel and power purchase cost accompanied by operation of Ikata Unit No.3.
- As a result,
 - ✓ Operating profit increased by ¥ 22.1 billion YoY, to ¥ 33.6 billion.
 - ✓ Ordinary profit increased by ¥ 20.3 billion YoY, to ¥ 32.4 billion.
 - ✓ Profit attributable to owners of parent increased by ¥ 15.6 billion YoY, to ¥ 23.3 billion.

[Forecasts of financial results for FY 2019]

- □ Operating revenues are expected to be ¥ 734.0 billion, almost equal to the previous year. The main factors are as follows;
 - ✓ Revenues from wholesale electricity sales will increase.
 - ✓ Revenues from retail electricity sales will decrease.
- ☐ Profits are expected to be as follows, almost equal to the previous year;
 - ✓ Operating profit will be ¥ 25.0 billion.
 - ✓ Ordinary profit will be ¥ 24.0 billion.
 - ✓ Profit attributable to owners of parent will be 17.0 billion.

The main factors are increase in operation of Ikata Unit No.3 and wholesale, on the other hand decrease in retail, and so on.

[Dividends]

- □ Interim dividend is ¥ 15 per share.
- ☐ Year-end dividend is planned to be ¥ 15 per share, equal to the previous year.

(The annual dividend for FY 2019 is planned to be ¥ 30 per share.)

I. Consolidated Financial Results for FY2019 2Q(April 1, 2019 – September 30, 2019)

Summary of Financial Results (Refer to page 5 to 6 for details)

(100 million yen)

	FY2019 2Q (a)	FY2018 2Q (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
Operating Revenues	3,732	3,587	145	4.1%
Operating Expenses	3,396	3,471	(75)	(2.2)%
Operating Profit	336	115	221	191.3%
Non-operating Profit (Loss)	(12)	6	(18)	-
Ordinary Profit	324	121	203	165.9%
Income Taxes, etc.	91	43	48	107.4%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	233	77	156	198.8%

(Note) Ordinary profit is income before reserve for fluctuations in water level and income taxes, etc.

(million kWh)

	FY2019 2Q (a)	FY2018 2Q (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	Details
Retail	11,077	11,708	(631)	(5.4)%	Decrease in contract power
Lighting	3,782	4,012	(230)	(5.7)%	• Decrease in reaction to higher summer temparatures in the previous year, etc.
Power	7,294	7,696	(402)	(5.2)%	
Wholesale	4,462	1,580	2,882	182.4%	
Total	15,539	13,288	2,251	16.9%	

(Note) The imbalances (the differences between the demand planned in advance by the electricity suppliers and the actual demand) which have not been confirmed as of the settlement day are not to be included.

Average Temperatures in Prefectural Capitals in Shikoku

(°C)

	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	4-month AVG.
FY2019 2Q	23.2	26.1	28.0	26.3	25.9
Differences from the average year	0.4	(0.7)	0.2	1.8	0.4
Differences from the previous year	0.1	(2.4)	(1.2)	2.1	(0.4)

Electricity Sales in the Last 5 Years

(million kWh)

	FY2015 2Q	FY2016 2Q	FY2017 2Q	FY2018 2Q	FY2019 2Q
Lighting	4,131	4,231	4,185	4,012	3,782
Power	8,625	8,657	8,191	7,696	7,294
Total	12,756	12,888	12,376	11,708	11,077

Electricity Sales Changes from the Previous Fiscal Year

	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019
	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q
Lighting	(1.1)%	2.4%	(1.1)%	(4.2)%	(5.7)%
Power	(0.7)%	0.4%	(5.4)%	(6.0)%	(5.2)%
Total	(0.9)%	1.0%	(4.0)%	(5.4)%	(5.4)%

Average Temperatures in Prefectural Capitals in Shikoku

(°C)

	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019
	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q	2Q
Summer*	24.9	26.4	26.0	26.3	25.9

^{*}Summer means an average temperature of June, July, August, and September.

(million kWh)

FY2019 (a)			FY2018 2Q (b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)	Details
	Hydro	2,162	2,311	(149)	(6.5)%	- Flow Rate: 110.3% → 105.1%
Nuclear		4,014	-	4,014	-	- Capacity factor of Ikata Unit No.3: 0% → 102.7%
Rer	newable Energy	2,122	2,076	46	2.2%	
		75%	71%	4%		
	Coal	6,355	7,109	(754)	(10.6)%	♦Electricity by thermal power
		20%	16%	4%		FY2019 2Q
	Gas	1,728	1,696	32	1.9%	GWh Composition Change*
		5%	13%	(8)%		Generated 5,226 61% (868)
	Oil	423	1,275	(852)	(66.8)%	Purchased 3,280 39% (706)
'		100%	100%			
	Thermal	8,506	10,080	(1,574)	(15.6)%	

(Note1) % figures in _____ are composition ratios of the electricity generated and purchased by thermal power stations

(Note2) The electricity purchased from other utilities are included.

(Note3) The imbalances (the differences between the demand planned in advance by the electricity suppliers and the actual demand) which have not been confirmed as of the settlement day are not to be included.

(Note4) Gas is the total amount of LNG and COG.

Details of Consolidated Financial Results; year-on-year basis

(100 million yen)

		FY2019 2Q	FY2018 2Q	Change		
			(a)	(b)	(c)=(a)-(b)	(c)/(b)
	Electricity Sales(Retai	l)	2,237	2,350	(113)	(4.8)%
	Electricity Sales (Wholes	sale)	367	179	188	104.6 %
	Others		676	633	43	6.8 %
	Electric Operating Reven	ues	3,282	3,163	119	3.7 %
	Other Revenues		450	423	27	6.4 %
0	perating Revenues		3,732	3,587	145	4.1 %
Г	Personnel		263	265	(2)	(1.0)%
	Fuel		349	399	(50)	(12.7)%
	Power Purchase	Power Purchase			(47)	(4.4)%
	Depreciation	Depreciation		269	(25)	(9.2)%
	Maintenance		247	263	(16)	(6.1)%
	Nuclear Back-end		93	29	64	221.0 %
	Others		758	775	(17)	(2.2)%
	Electric Operating Expen	ses	2,994	3,088	(94)	(3.0)%
	Other Operating Expense	es	401	382	19	4.9 %
0	perating Expenses		3,396	3,471	(75)	(2.2)%
	Operating Profit		336	115	221	191.3 %
	Non-operating Profit (Los	s)	(12)	6	(18)	-
	Ordinary Profit		324	121	203	165.9 %
	Income Taxes, etc.		91	43	48	107.4 %
	Profit attributable to owners of parent		233	77	156	198.8 %

[Electricity Sales(Retail)]

- Decrease in electricity sales (112)
- •Increase in revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System +38, etc.

[Other Electric Operating Revenues]

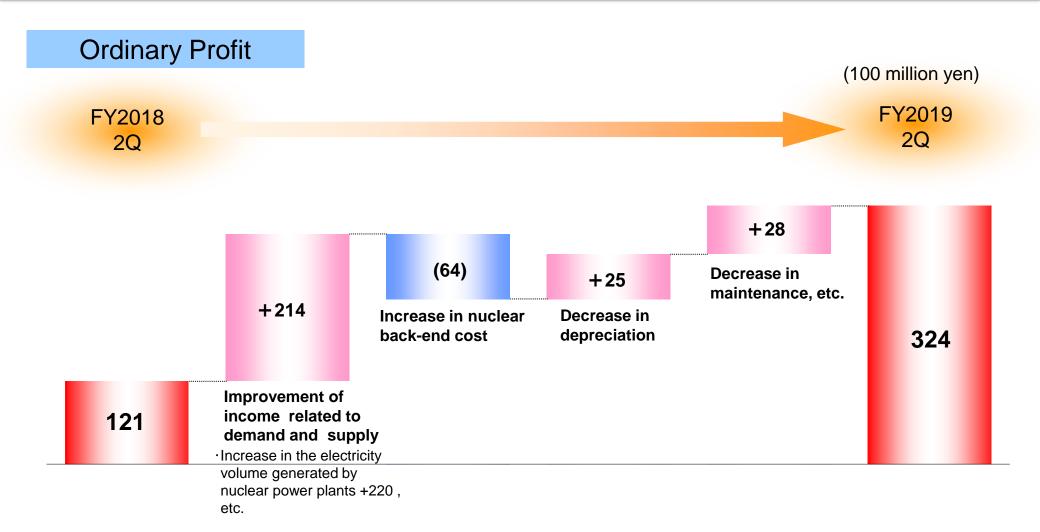
- Increase in grants for the purchase cost from Surcharge Adjustment Organization based on FIT +20
- •Increase in wheeling revenue +16, etc.

[Fuel, Power Purchase] (98)

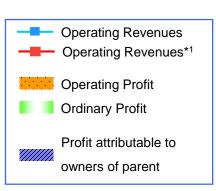
- •Increase in electricity volume generated by nuclear power plants (220)
- Increase in total electricity sales +142
- •Increase in purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity +22, etc.

[Nuclear Back-end]

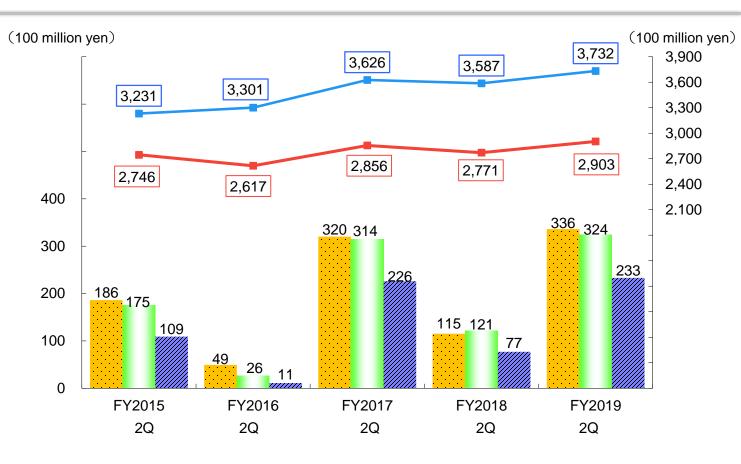
Increase in contribution payable for reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste disposal cost due to increase in operation of likata Unit No.3 +64, etc.



[Financial Results in the last 5 fiscal years]



*1) The revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.



Performance Indicators

		FY2015 2Q		FY2016 2Q		FY2017 2Q		FY2018 2Q		FY2019 2Q	
Operating Profit Margin *2	(%)	<6.8%>	5.8	<1.9%>	1.5	<11.2%>	8.8	<4.2%>	3.2	<11.6%>	9.0
Return on Assets (ROA) *3	(%)		3.2		1.0		5.5		2.4		5.2
Return on Equity (ROE)	(%)		7.2		0.8		14.5		5.0		14.2
Profit per Share (yen)			53		5		110		38		113
Ordinary Profit + Interest Expenses	(100 million yen)		221		70		353		157		356

^{*2)} Figures in < > are calcurated on the revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.

^{*3)} ROA = (Ordinary Profit + Interest Expenses) / Total Assets

(100 million yen)

			FY2019 2Q (a)	FY2018 2Q (b)	(a-b)	Main Factors
	Revenues		3,732	3,587	145	_
Consolidated		Operating Profit	336	115	221	·
	Electric I Itility*	Revenues	3,290	3,171	119	- Increase in wholesales electricity sales, etc.
	Electric Utility*	Segment Profit	285	66	219	- Decrease in the fuel and power purchase cost by operation of lkata3, etc.
	IT/ Communications*	Revenues	208	200	8	- Increase in FTTH business, etc.
		Segment Profit	35	34	1	
Segment	Construction/ Engineering*	Revenues	210	179	31	- Increase in orders received of construction contracts, etc.
Segi		Segment loss	(2)	(4)	2	
	Energy*	Revenues	118	111	7	
		Segment Profit	9	5	4	
	Others*	Revenues	229	215	14	
		Segment Profit	5	10	(5)	

^{*} Internal transactions are not eliminated

Capital Investment

(100 million yen)

	(100 million yen)
	FY2019 2Q
Electric Utility	323
<safety at="" er="" lkata="" measures="" nuclear="" pow="" station=""></safety>	<73>
<replacement no.1="" of="" power="" saijo="" station="" thermal="" unit=""></replacement>	<71>
IT/Communications	54
<data center=""></data>	<27>
<f111h></f111h>	<6>
Construction/Engineering, Energy, Others	12
Total	389

(100 million yen)

		FY2019 2Q	FY2018 2Q	(- l-)
		(a)	(b)	(a-b)
	Ordinary Profit	324	121	
	Depreciation	294	319	
Ocale Flance frame	Others	(130)	(617)	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<decrease accrued="" expenses<br="" in="">and accounts payable-trade></decrease>	<(170)>	<(215)>	
	<increase(decrease) accrued="" in="" taxes=""></increase(decrease)>	< 54 >	<(108)>	
	Subtotal	487	(175)	662
Cash Flows from	Capital Expenditures	(397)	(391)	
Investing Activities	Investments	(70)	(25)	
livesting Activities	Subtotal	(468)	(416)	(52)
F	Free Cash Flows	19	(592)	611
	Cash Dividends Paid	(31)	(31)	
Cash Flows from	Bonds and Loans	(27)	288	
Financing Activities	Purchase of Tresury Shares	(2)	(0)	
	Subtotal	(60)	254	

Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(43)	(338)
1101 11101 01100 (2 001 01100 01101 01101 01101 1101	(10)	(000)

(Note) Plus figures mean cash inflow, minus figures mean cash outflow.

Debt to CF Ratio (times) *1	14.4	-
Interest Coverage Ratio (times) *2	14.7	-

^{*1)} Debt to CF Ratio: Interest bearing debt / Cash flows from operating activities

^{*2)} Interest Coverage Ratio: Cash flows from operating activities / Interest expenses

			(100 million yen)	
	Sep30, 2019 (a)	Mar 31,2019 (b)	(a-b)	Details
Total assets	13,574	13,539	35	
<plant and="" assets<br="" equipment,="" intangible="">(except Special account related to nuclear power decommissioning, Special account related to reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel)></plant>	< 8,343 >	< 8,282 >	< 61 >	- Capital investment +373 - Advance of depreciation (294), etc.
<pre><investments, etc.=""></investments,></pre>	< 4,059 >	< 4,067 >	<(8)>	
Liabilities	10,179	10,327	(148)	
<bonds and="" loans=""></bonds>	< 7,015 >	< 7,042 >	<(27)>	
<accrued etc.="" expenses,=""></accrued>	< 3,164 >	< 3,284 >	<(120)>	• Decrease in accrued expenses and accounts payable (170) • Increase in accrued taxes +54, etc.
Total net assets	3,394	3,211	183	
<retained earnings=""></retained>	< 1,904 >	< 1,702 >	< 202 >	 Net Income + 233 Dividend payment (31), etc.

[Liabilities and Total Equity; last 5 fiscal years]



Financial Indicators

		Mar 31, 2016	Mar 31, 2017	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2019	Sep 30, 2019
Shareholder's Equity Ratio	(%)	20.4	23.3	23.5	23.6	24.9
Interest Bearing Debts Ratio	(times)	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1
Book-value per Share(BPS)	(yen)	1,388	1,474	1,517	1,550	1,640
Price Book-value Ratio(PBR)	(times)	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6

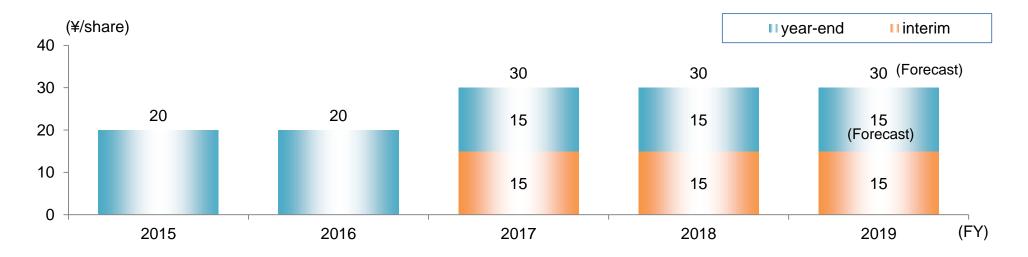
(Note) Interest Bearing Debts Ratio = Bonds and Loans / Shareholders' Equity

- Paying stable dividends is our basic policy for returns to shareholders, which are decided in light of comprehensive consideration of business results, financial position, and medium-to-long-term business conditions.
- □ For FY2019,
 - ✓ The interim dividend is ¥ 15 per share as forecasted.
 - ✓ The year-end dividend is planned to be ¥ 15 per share as forecasted.

Dividends per Share

	FY2018	FY2019
Interim	¥15	¥15
Year-end	¥15	(Forecast) ¥15
Total	¥30	(Forecast) ¥30

Dividends per Share (last 10 fiscal years)



II. Forecasts of Consolidated Financial Results & Dividends for FY2019

Unchanged from forecasts announced in April 2019

Financial Results

(100 million yen)

	FY2019 (Forecast)
Operating Revenues	7,340
Operating Profit	250
Ordinary Profit	240
Profit attributable to owners of parent	170
Profit per Share	¥83

(====,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
<ref> FY2018</ref>
7,372
257
251
169
¥83

Dividends per Share

	FY2019
Interim	¥15
Year-end	(Forecast) ¥15

<ref> FY2018</ref>
¥15
¥15

Electricity Sales

(100 million kWh)

	FY2019 (Forecast)
Lighting	82.7
Power	141.9
Retail	224.6
Wholesale	79.1
Total	303.7

(100 111111011 10111)
<ref> FY2018</ref>
85.4
147.6
233.0
46.5
279.4

Fuel Prices / Exchange Rate and Other Factors

	FY2019 (Forecast)	<ref> FY2018</ref>
Nuclear Capacity Factor (%) *	75.0	42.8
* Ikata Unit No.3		
Coal CIF Price (\$/t)	110	121
Crude oil CIF Price (\$/b)	65	72
Exchange Rate (¥/\$)	110	111

00	mil	lion	yen')

				million yen)
	FY2019 2Q (a)	FY2018 2Q (b)	Char (c)=(a)-(b)	nge (c)/(b)
		. ,		
Electricity Sales(Retail)	2,237	2,350	(113)	(4.8)%
<surcharge based="" fit="" income="" on=""></surcharge>	<287>	<294>	<(7)>	<(2.5)%>
Electricity Sales(Wholesale)	367	179	188	104.6%
Others	748	699	49	7.1%
<grants cost="" for="" from="" purchase="" surcharge<br="" the="">Adjustment Organization based on FIT></grants>	<540>	<520>	<20>	<4.0%>
Operating Revenues	3,354	3,229	125	3.9%
Personnel	266	269	(3)	(1.0)%
Fuel	349	399	(50)	(12.7)%
Power Purchase	1,038	1,085	(47)	(4.4)%
Depreciation	246	271	(25)	(9.3)%
Maintenance	248	265	(17)	(6.4)%
Nuclear Back-end	93	29	64	221.0%
Others	818	838	(20)	(2.5)%
Operating Expenses	3,060	3,159	(99)	(3.2)%
Operating Profit	293	69	224	322.8%
Non-operationg Profit	9	30	(21)	(68.5)%
Ordinary Profit	303	100	203	202.3%
Income Taxes, etc.	76	27	49	178.7%
Profit	226	72	154	211.2%

[Electricity Sales(Retail)]

- •Decrease in electricity sales (112)
- •Increase in revenues based on the Fuel Cost Adjustment System +38, etc.

[Other Electric Operating Revenues]

•Increase in wheeling revenue +16, etc.

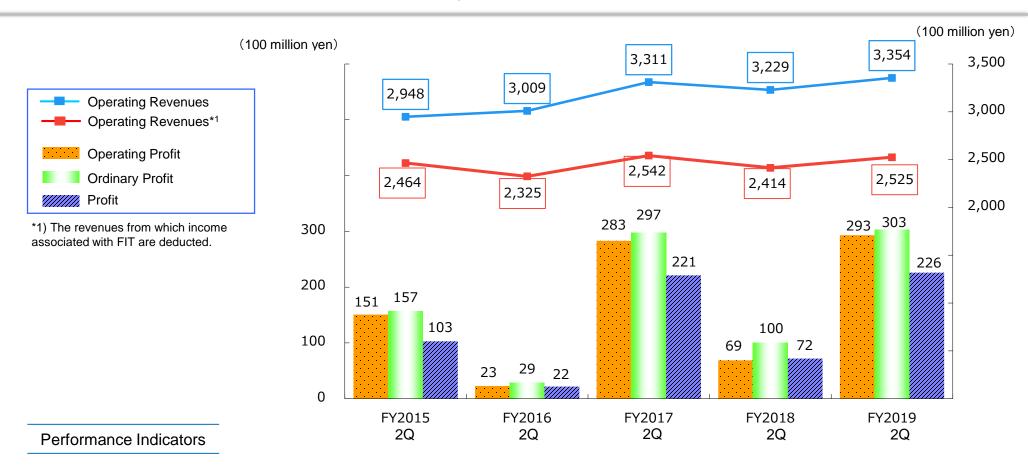
[Fuel, Power Purchase] (98)

- •Increase in electricity volume generated by nuclear power plants (220)
- Increase in total electricity sales +142
- •Increase in purchase of renewable energy sourced electricity +22, etc.

[Nuclear Back-end]

•Increase in contribution payable for reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste disposal cost due to decrease in operation of Ikata Unit No.3 +64, etc.

[Financial Results in the last 5 fiscal years]

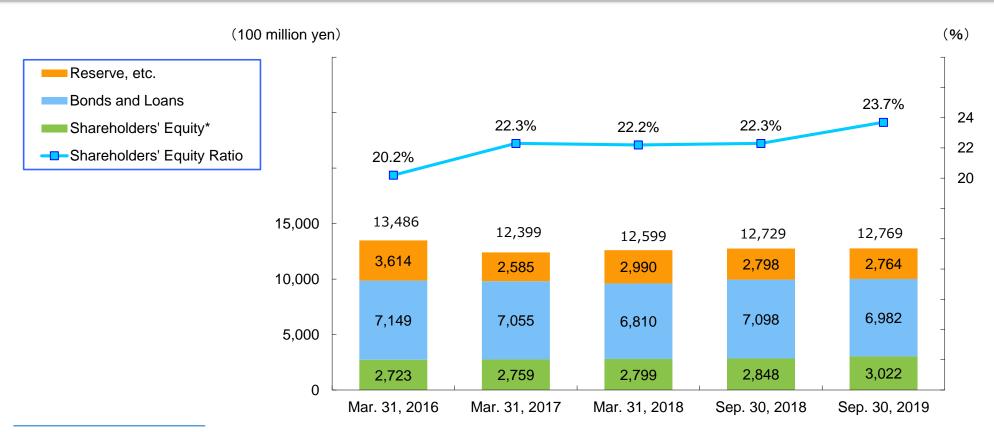


		FY2015	2Q	FY2016	2Q	FY2017	2Q	FY2018	2Q	FY2019	2Q
Operating Profit Margin *2	(%)	<6.2%>	5.1	<1.0%>	8.0	<11.2%>	8.6	<2.9%>	2.2	<11.6%>	8.8
Return on Assets (ROA) *3	(%)		3.1		1.1		5.5		2.1		5.3
Return on Equity (ROE)	(%)		7.4		1.6		15.5		5.2		15.5
Profit per Share	(yen)		50		11		107		35		109
Ordinary Profit + Interest Expenses	(100 million yen)		203		73		336		136		335

^{*2)} Figures in < > are calcurated on the revenues from which income associated with FIT are deducted.

^{*3)} ROA = (Ordinary Profit + Interest Expenses) / Total Assets

[Liabilities and Total Equity in the last 5 fiscal years]



Performance Indicators

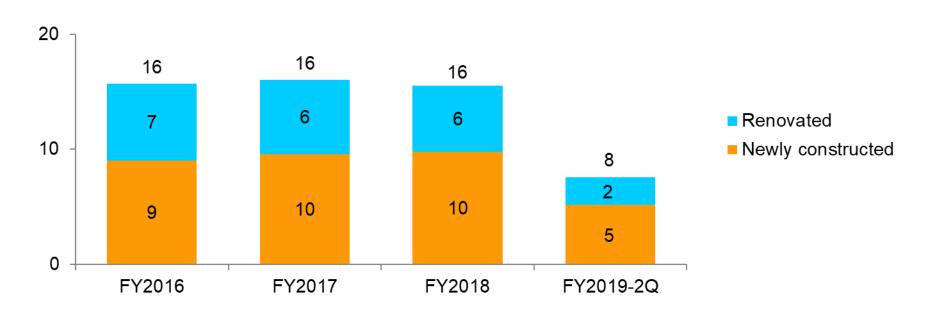
		Mar 31, 2016	Mar 31, 2017	Mar 31, 2018	Mar 31, 2019	Sep 30, 2019
Shareholder's Equity Ratio	(%)	20.2	22.3	22.2	22.3	23.7
Interest Bearing Debts Ratio	(times)	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.3
Book-value per Share(BPS)	(yen)	1,312	1,329	1,349	1,367	1,457
Price Book-value Ratio(PBR)	(times)	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.7

(Note) Interest Bearing Debts Ratio = (Bonds and Loans) / (Shareholders' Equity)

Supplemental material for FY2019 2Q

- ➤ Number of All-electric Housing Construction
- Consumption of Fossil Fuels
- > Flow Rate, Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors
- > Time Lag Effect of Fuel Cost Adjustment System
- Plant and Equipment Expenditures (consolidated)
- > Feed-in Tariff Scheme





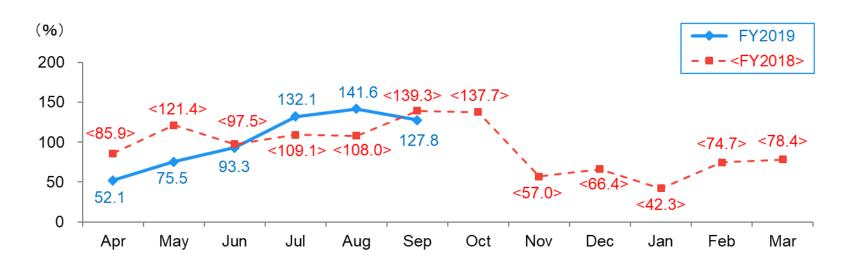
	FY2019 2Q (A)	FY2018 2Q (B)	(A-B)
Coal (10,000t)	122.9	131.3	(8.4)
Heavy Oil (10,000kl)	2.8	16.8	(14.0)
Crude Oil (10,000kl)	1.3	2.2	(0.9)
LNG (10,000t)	12.0	12.3	(0.3)

[Fuel Prices]

	FY2019 2Q (A)	FY2018 2Q (B)	(A-B)
CIF price: Coal (\$/t)	109	120	(11)
CIF price: Crude Oil (\$/b)	69	74	(5)
CIF price: LNG (\$/t)	498	518	(20)
Exchange rate (¥/\$)	109	110	(1)

Flow Rate, Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors

Flow Rate

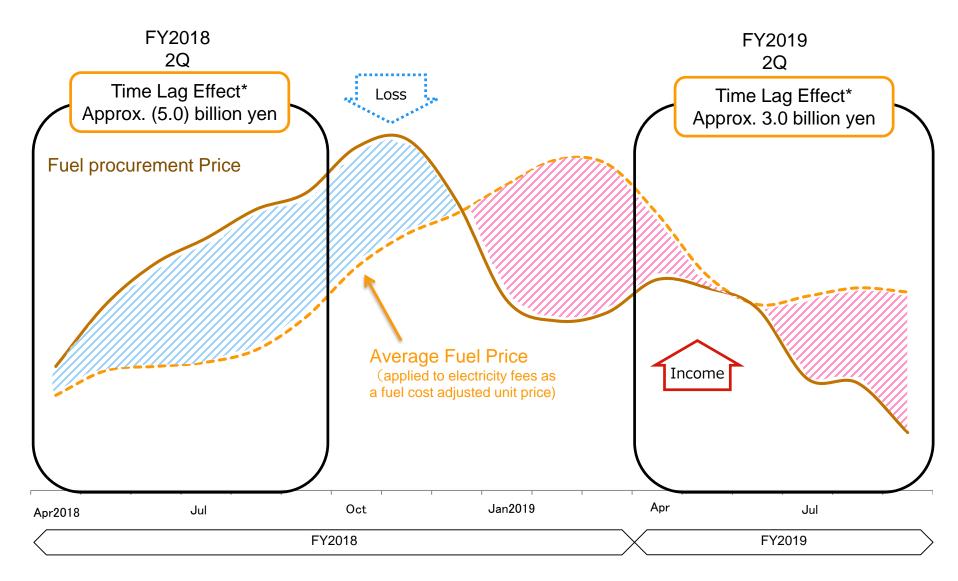


Financial Sensitivity for Key Factors

(100 million yen)

	FY2019-2Q
CIF price: crude oil (1\$/b)	3
CIF price: coal (1\$/t)	1
Exchange rate (¥1/\$)	4
Nuclear power capacity factor (1%)	2
Flow Rate (1%)	1

(Note) Because this sensitivity is theoretical value calculated based on some assumption, real impacts could change depending actual supply/demand situation.



^{*}Fluctuation in fuel prices causes time lag between payment of fuel cost and reception of fuel cost adjustment charges, resulting in temporary increase or decrease in profits. Time Lag Effect above is this temporary increase or decrease, assuming that time lag does not take place.

(100 million yen)

FY2019 2Q	<ref> FY2018</ref>
217	412
15	35
116	192
85	184
24	66
23	47
41	76
5	20
312	623
10	108
323	732
66	117
389	849
	217 15 116 85 24 23 41 5 312 10 323 66

^{*} before the elimination of unrealized profits

(100 million yen)

		Total	FY2011~F`	FY2019	
		(forecasts)		FY2018	2Q (results)
Facility	Short term	Approx. 720	717	0	0
Construction	Medium term	Approx. 940	566	137	73
Analysis and Evaluation		Approx. 240	240	0	0
Total		Approx.1,900	1,523	137	73

(Note) Total amounts of costs for safety measures are based on our assumptions and judgments in consideration of the information available at this time, and are therefore subject to change due to future situation.

Results of FY2019 2Q Cash flow Those engaged in the power generation **Electricity customers** business using renewable energy sources Those who generate power at home Purchase of electricity at a fixed price for a government guaranteed period Collection of surcharge together with the electricity charge Electric utility Submission of the collected Payment for the purchase cost surcharge Surcharge adjustment organization (organization to collect and distribute the surcharge)

(100 million yen)

2 Surcharge

287

We collect surcharge from customers with the electricity charge.

③ Submission of the collected surcharge 287
We submit the collected surcharge to surcharge adjustment organization.

1 Purchase of electricity

675

We purchase electricity at a fixed price from those engaged in the power generation business using renewable energy sources and those who generate power at home.

4 Payment for the purchase cost Surcharge adjustment organization pay grants corresponding to the actual purchase costs.

Caution Regarding Business Forecasts and Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical facts regarding Shikoku Electric Power Company and its subsidiaries and affiliated companies, this presentation contains business forecasts and other forward-looking statements.

These statements are based on our assumptions and judgments in consideration of the information available at the time, and are therefore subject to risks and contain an element of uncertainty.

It is also possible that such forecasts will be revised at a later date in light of changes in the operating environment or other underlying assumptions for the forecasts. We ask that readers please take these factors into consideration.

